

Sweden 2002

STATISTICAL YEARBOOK



Development co-operation

PREFACE

Statistical Yearbook Development co-operation Sweden 2002 is one of Sida's statistical publications. This publication covers the Swedish international development co-operation during 2002. It does not cover Sida's international development co-operation in detail since this information will be published in Sida's Statistical Report 2002. Our ambition with this publication has been to fill out the voluminous material with explanatory texts. We hope that this will make it easier for the reader to grasp some of the interesting tendencies and relationships in the tables and charts.

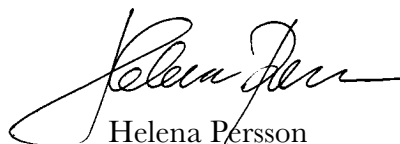
This booklet is divided into three parts. First we report on Sweden's international development co-operation. Then we present Sweden's co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe. Finally we describe the statistics on global international development co-operation where, among other things, Swedish development co-operation is related to that of other countries.

For more information, please feel free to contact Sida at +46 8 698 50 00.

We hope you enjoy reading this booklet!



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SWEDEN'S INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION

Objectives of Sweden's development co-operation

In 1962, in the first Government bill on Swedish international development co-operation (1962:100), the overall aim was to improve the living standards of poor groups of people. In 1978, this focus was confirmed and further developed to include “achieving an improved standard of living and more equal living conditions for poorer groups, so that their basic needs can be fulfilled and they can participate in political decision-making which steers social development” (UU 1978/79:1). The following objectives were established:

- Economic growth
- Economic and social equality
- Economic and political independence
- Democratic development

Later, two further objectives were adopted:

- Sustainable use of natural resources and protection of the environment (1988)
- Equality between women and men (1996)

Alleviation of poverty

More than 30 years' experience has provided the insight and knowledge that poverty alleviation requires an integrated approach, in which the inter-relationship between political, economic, environmental and social development is of decisive importance.

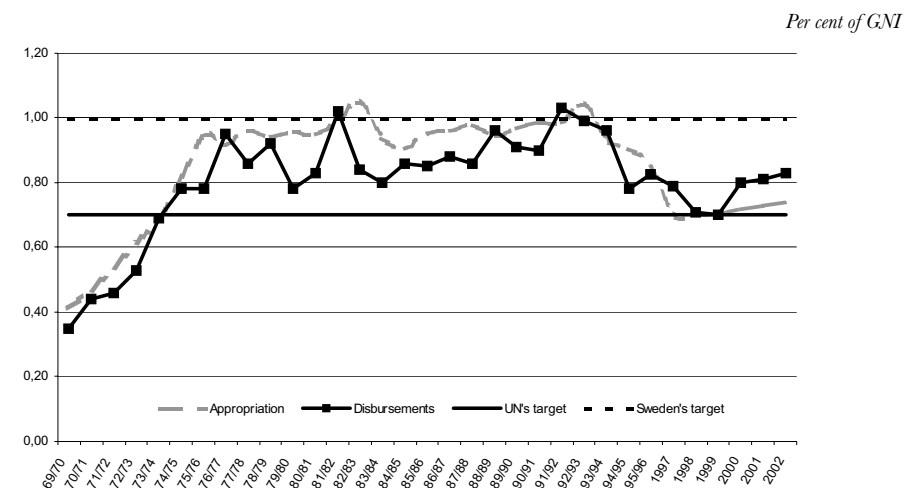
The definitions of poverty and good living conditions made by people themselves must be used as the point of departure for poverty alleviation. Poverty does not only encompass the lack of material resources, it is also closely connected to human rights and lack of influence. Poor countries themselves must take the lead in the struggle against poverty. The role of development co-operation is to support and influence changes in Sweden's partner countries.

UN's objectives for development co-operation

The UN has laid down that donor countries should disburse 0.7 per cent of their GNI in Official Development Assistance (ODA). In 2002, only five countries managed to achieve this level. One of these countries was Sweden; the others were Denmark, Luxembourg, Netherlands and Norway (Chart 8, page 22).

ODA is, briefly, the flow of funds from official authorities to the countries included on DAC's Part I list¹⁾. The primary goal of these funds shall be to promote economic development and welfare in developing countries and shall consist of a grant element of at least 25 per cent.

Chart 1: Appropriations and disbursements between the years 1969/70 and 2002



Bilateral and multilateral development co-operation

Sweden's international development co-operation is dominated by bilateral co-operation. 63 per cent of the total funds allocated are for bilateral co-operation.

Chart 2: Breakdown of funds allocated to bilateral and multilateral development co-operation 2002

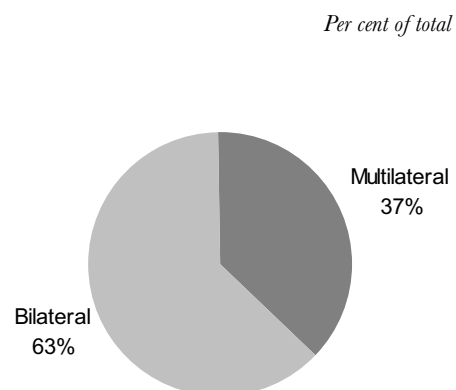


Table 1: Forecast of Sweden's disbursements 2001-2004

SEK '000 and per cent of GNI

	2001	2002	2003	2004
Disbursements	13 843 000	14 094 000	16 390 000	18 747 000
Per cent of GNI	0.73	0.74	0.81	0.86

Source: Budget proposal 2002, International development co-operation

Each year the government decides the proportion of GNI it wishes to disburse. The forecast of disbursements is then calculated on the basis of the forecast for Swedish GNI.

The Swedish government has the objective of disbursing 1 per cent of GNI to developing countries. Within the coming years, when the economy in Sweden hopefully has recovered, the aim is to achieve the 1 per cent goal. The trend in the forecast of disbursements clearly shows this intention.

Table 2: Sweden's development co-operation by agency/organisation 1992-2002*SEK '000*

Agency/organisation	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
BILATERAL	10 258 671	10 366 515	10 604 653	8 483 738	9 358 780	9 230 269	8 278 164	9 499 905	11 373 462	12 456 810	12 151 253
Sida ¹	9 338 276	9 236 150	9 392 036	7 329 421	8 203 809	8 004 313	7 201 248	8 328 603	10 022 127	10 667 311	10 265 869
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	904 096	1 113 670	1 197 567	1 145 068	1 145 671	1 178 462	1 055 919	955 014	1 254 197	1 686 034	1 791 874
Swedish Institute	10 423	10 945	9 250	9 250	9 300	47 494	7 722	21 610	16 868	21 227	20 047
Nordic Africa Institute	5 876	5 750	5 800	0	0	0	13 250	14 255	18 070	17 873	21 478
Swedish Armed Forces	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180 423	62 199	64 365	51 985
Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0
MULTILATERAL	3 974 316	3 402 107	3 442 628	3 671 854	4 048 800	3 985 101	4 229 140	3 995 538	5 106 324	4 764 381	7 203 090
Sida ¹	122 157	131 203	108 896	79 747	-	-	55 920	-	-	1 337 500	1 092 500
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	3 852 159	3 270 904	3 333 732	3 592 107	4 048 800	3 985 101	4 128 798	3 995 538	5 092 024	3 406 881	6 090 590
Swedish Rescue Services Agency	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 000	0	0	0	0
Swedish Armed Forces	0	0	0	0	0	0	43 422	0	0	0	0
Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14 300	20 000	20 000
TOTAL	14 232 987	13 768 622	14 047 281	12 155 592	13 407 580	13 215 370	12 507 304	13 495 443	16 479 786	17 221 191	19 354 342

¹ In July 1995 the former SIDA was merged with SAREC, BITS, SWEDECORP and Sandö and a new agency, Sida, was formed.

Table 2 shows the breakdown of Sweden's development co-operation between government agencies or organisations responsible for bilateral and multilateral co-operation over the last few years. Sida is the largest government agency involved in Swedish bilateral development co-operation, with a share of 85 per cent of Swedish development co-operation in 2002. The Ministry for Foreign Affairs was responsible for 85 per cent of Swedish multilateral development co-operation in 2002. The multilateral development co-operation has increased with such a big amount because of the promissory notes that was written in 2002 between the

Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the World Bank (IDA). The promissory note to IDA was written with an amount of SEK 3.5 billion and will be encashed during nine years. Since the note was signed in 2002 the full amount should be reported in the DAC-statistics for 2002, according to the DAC-directives. This may cause fluctuations in the ODA/GNI percentage.

2001 and 2002 Sida has had the administration of annual corefunding grants to some UN agencies (UNDP, Unicef, UNFPA, UNDCP and UNAIDS) .

Bilateral development co-operation

Sweden's development co-operation is mostly provided in the form of bilateral assistance. This is defined as direct development co-operation between Sweden and the individual countries concerned. Most Swedish bilateral development co-operation, 85 per cent in 2002, is the responsibility of Sida.

The contributions to Africa decreased considerably during the first part of the 1990s, while contributions to the other regions remained at a fairly constant level. Between 1999 and 2002, support to Africa increased due to an increasing focus on Africa. For the last two years you can see a tendency towards smaller contributions to Latin America and Asia.

Chart 3: Sweden's bilateral development co-operation by region 1992-2002 SEK '000

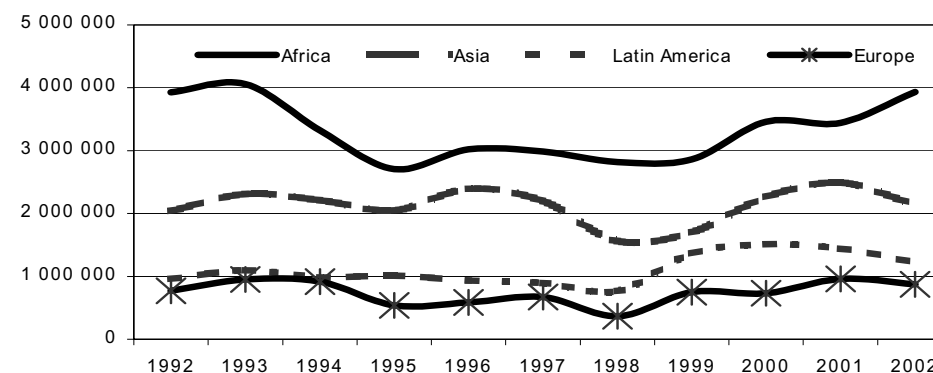


Table 3: Sweden's bilateral development co-operation by region and country 1992-2002

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
AFRICA South of Sahara	4 140 016	4 198 344	3 570 244	2 896 151	3 263 638	3 198 469	2 995 427	3 009 655	3 614 408	3 582 444	3 932 266
Western Africa	180 261	259 474	189 737	155 530	181 912	185 386	283 791	140 409	188 645	238 658	330 879
Benin	0	877	10	350	69	43	0	1 861	1 643	948	910
Burkina Faso	2 809	5 563	1 379	6 522	5 302	10 969	15 344	5 265	11 336	61 896	73 303
Cape Verde	61 136	93 778	69 030	35 266	27 096	16 819	61 757	474	15 605	610	619
Côte d'Ivoire	0	1 828	0	440	2 548	1 122	1 369	2 312	1 887	1 150	2 233
Gambia	2 429	4 806	10	7 945	8 314	5 032	5 275	5 057	6 777	4 003	4 737
Ghana	12 387	28 205	3 324	8 351	25 791	28 675	5 151	5 012	54 353	20 830	13 089
Guinea	5 983	4 158	3 177	2 972	1 829	1 759	7 313	4 678	684	6 134	4 774
Guinea-Bissau	59 460	94 683	87 657	53 673	41 966	41 931	72 984	45 443	22 496	21 335	17 559
Liberia	21 928	5 883	12 312	9 597	17 931	44 036	60 135	29 631	13 226	11 755	10 394
Mali	0	1 179	64	1 776	5 599	6 177	6 470	2 370	4 037	45 099	88 542
Mauretania	3 000	4 782	0	513	2 129	1 565	1 990	1 715	1 816	3 927	3 046
Niger	0	586	220	715	269	2 342	0	601	608	-6	673
Nigeria	379	1 603	1 403	4 306	6 458	4 726	2 947	4 756	7 506	6 921	14 175
Senegal	10 740	3 261	2 309	13 574	11 729	13 662	5 610	1 290	3 579	897	2 866

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	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Sierra Leone	0	5 778	482	8 180	14 665	5 724	30 172	20 683	34 299	35 870	16 893
Togo	10	2 504	8 360	1 350	10 217	804	590	2 370	5 335	2 790	856
Regional Western Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 682	6 894	3 458	14 499	76 210
Eastern Africa	1 688 589	1 858 128	1 498 123	1 396 049	1 460 322	1 340 491	1 314 745	1 261 721	1 717 113	1 723 800	1 845 429
Burundi	0	16 102	11 397	24 361	32 758	22 666	35 679	30 431	38 952	25 873	34 671
Eritrea	-	31 288	68 772	38 223	14 211	38 429	22 283	35 547	50 150	76 080	41 186
Ethiopia	264 744	406 889	197 672	278 674	263 601	274 449	245 878	156 169	189 803	213 200	207 162
Kenya	165 383	139 867	134 513	141 026	156 353	132 265	126 641	93 697	130 107	140 235	140 215
Madagascar	0	1 015	1 349	528	327	0	0	0	2 000	0	1 281
Mauritius	2 362	3 302	2 625	1 517	256	303	0	0	0	20	0
Rwanda	1 761	26 070	93 443	41 478	36 449	14 482	78 934	108 327	134 049	87 105	151 416
Seychelles	0	1 613	0	2 148	467	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somalia	69 108	77 324	82 919	96 022	76 228	56 896	31 259	43 725	41 426	57 645	53 251
Sudan	11 226	48 787	40 035	37 459	14 801	31 182	82 795	56 617	113 374	81 209	93 608
Tanzania	542 061	708 449	395 754	322 831	437 182	367 814	475 556	382 170	582 079	488 717	597 097
Uganda	168 917	129 095	195 841	180 572	218 962	239 225	76 703	168 162	207 509	303 900	227 571
Zambia	463 027	268 327	273 803	231 210	208 727	162 780	110 280	126 207	175 035	180 794	188 598
Regional Eastern Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	28 737	60 668	52 629	69 024	109 373
Central Africa	219 637	187 204	293 663	255 474	282 874	280 278	304 790	234 942	250 259	224 613	101 000
Cameroon	0	37	17	28 843	215	0	0	62	796	82	211
Central African Republic	179	6 371	89	4 143	3 926	3 373	4 230	2 314	2 438	7 954	2 285
Chad	0	3 968	0	1 915	1 921	3 443	2 390	1 508	1 845	1 076	-50
Comoros	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
Congo	210	9 253	0	2 283	3 738	9 434	85 553	7 350	14 886	17 321	20 973
Congo, Dem. Rep. (former Zaire)	8 399	26 302	31 480	28 523	29 902	51 295	33 491	76 902	70 470	56 474	74 718
Gabon	0	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	608	-6	0
Sao Tome & Principe	0	343	15 000	550	566	295	0	0	930	-10	0
Regional Central Africa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 500	3 500	2 863
Southern Africa	1 194 736	1 571 608	1 274 352	912 914	1 167 498	1 155 071	827 876	1 088 214	1 151 261	973 477	1 183 640
Angola	210 849	140 900	247 077	189 217	242 606	212 438	179 125	146 805	156 786	138 184	137 245
Botswana	101 572	111 291	72 921	46 058	105 359	64 482	30 186	9 499	6 437	3 666	5 774
Lesotho	37 349	181 317	25 060	25 672	17 208	49 408	1 828	875	608	12	2 649
Malawi	2 013	1 711	1 035	3 090	54 169	40 784	1 531	29 925	46 793	23 493	74 345
Mozambique	566 159	558 820	567 304	386 281	410 801	397 358	253 545	424 860	423 853	440 646	440 090
Namibia	111 659	142 054	115 491	101 770	112 938	113 889	98 935	71 604	192 900	88 536	91 540
South Africa	0	294 866	229 373	139 807	222 976	313 446	247 239	340 009	296 421	273 436	213 751

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	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Swaziland	0	2 927	1 238	3 514	3 001	883	700	40	185	19	1 737
Zimbabwe	375 984	278 622	261 930	206 722	241 046	174 821	156 877	158 159	135 499	85 002	80 265
Regional Southern Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	37 034	53 243	48 565	58 667	136 244
Regional Africa	856 793	321 930	314 369	176 184	171 032	237 243	264 226	284 369	307 130	421 895	471 318
ASIA excl. Central Asia	2 038 978	2 310 309	2 211 090	2 047 854	2 391 039	2 200 357	1 562 037	1 699 589	2 261 704	2 493 316	2 099 113
Northern Africa	122 333	77 698	97 167	88 736	113 582	30 065	36 797	49 179	39 805	51 781	42 839
Algeria	12 992	7 422	10 594	21 123	20 321	5 621	22 326	16 188	1 848	17 595	6 627
Egypt	5 232	47 733	22 193	52 231	79 348	17 170	8 310	7 988	23 527	19 840	21 547
Libya	189	5	142	95	1 596	792	0	0	0	0	0
Morocco	61 391	4 996	6 918	6 741	4 404	2 600	2 608	5 253	7 426	5 778	7 588
Tunisia	42 442	17 220	56 758	8 451	7 843	3 882	3 344	12 918	3 592	3 899	938
Regional Northern Africa	87	322	562	95	70	0	209	6 832	3 412	4 670	6 139
Middle East	136 250	201 260	251 169	415 849	523 176	585 898	227 542	332 361	447 676	337 070	386 417
Iran	900	7 254	16 305	40 692	55 373	28 287	0	536	508	311	128
Iraq	73 724	93 420	135 250	203 044	230 495	340 273	59 261	71 553	66 233	40 029	43 773
Israel	0	0	0	1 457	3 748	0	8 000	3 890	0	244	0
Jordan	30 275	5 562	7 676	7 519	11 067	6 828	9 770	16 708	8 300	7 007	40 784
Kuwait	0	0	0	0	0	0	750	1 500	0	0	0
Lebanon	11 625	15 311	16 537	13 185	18 571	29 276	14 987	16 257	34 850	8 879	10 703
Palestinian Adm. Areas	0	0	72 377	124 422	185 352	158 836	126 953	208 100	296 891	226 398	272 384
Syria	69	68	75	12 072	13 563	10 391	389	809	8 980	1 030	1 547
Yemen	1 350	5 972	1 459	5 950	4 877	4 252	6 130	4 507	8 314	6 280	4 103
Regional Middle East	18 307	73 673	1 490	7 508	130	7 755	1 303	8 500	23 600	46 892	12 995
South Asia	830 884	949 149	1 099 732	870 728	783 766	673 834	536 546	572 162	745 052	1 036 052	753 799
Afghanistan	75 551	70 782	95 280	109 134	98 910	93 111	99 402	85 190	105 314	212 937	267 548
Bangladesh	278 485	208 869	194 770	188 675	189 732	252 250	159 185	208 070	291 729	293 412	145 285
Bhutan	2 028	1 515	2 151	3 456	2 190	3 243	2 812	551	2 469	3 101	5 069
India	376 418	512 367	702 971	367 397	344 785	195 463	131 705	110 588	140 594	115 743	79 355
Maldives	0	12 670	44	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nepal	166	11 871	4 157	11 258	10 333	9 119	8 830	8 596	11 248	140 989	35 023
Pakistan	16 535	25 594	26 328	95 569	53 079	13 342	15 981	9 995	15 363	10 917	15 130
Sri Lanka	70 521	93 328	65 683	88 141	83 642	106 006	102 463	118 204	152 852	188 867	146 128
Regional South Asia	11 180	12 153	8 348	7 067	1 095	1 300	16 170	30 967	25 483	70 085	60 261
Southeast Asia	706 728	746 196	588 613	517 724	784 749	745 975	571 354	568 196	764 229	845 172	695 544
Brunei	933	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cambodia/Kampuchea	107 981	91 916	77 799	77 869	107 280	175 420	113 501	62 422	153 783	174 923	141 201

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	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
East Timor	0	66	40	0	0	0	3 186	12 216	30 473	25 111	37 731
Indonesia	2 298	6 372	4 578	3 685	7 045	9 995	4 835	24 576	37 302	38 619	15 407
Laos	92 689	132 163	102 021	95 261	118 847	118 154	95 319	95 541	133 405	125 053	149 475
Malaysia	47 212	25 154	18 606	9 603	4 972	766	4 529	1 745	1 250	316	42
Myanmar	560	5 676	0	2 924	1 948	898	2 057	1 973	4 710	5 892	8 899
Philippines	34 971	71 834	195 170	35 547	106 815	127 447	30 856	32 871	24 830	26 040	15 358
Singapore	0	0	0	270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Thailand	72 286	69 962	27 966	50 329	127 692	41 000	28 938	29 910	36 603	33 298	34 485
Viet Nam	347 798	343 053	162 433	242 236	310 150	272 295	267 654	274 173	341 873	361 055	237 188
Regional Southeast Asia	-	-	-	-	-	-	20 480	32 769	0	54 864	55 758
Far East Asia	182 376	283 583	148 448	129 259	148 066	112 177	145 952	87 714	191 255	172 198	134 258
China	180 516	275 782	135 056	109 039	118 839	51 855	81 434	33 796	101 172	104 178	62 252
Hong Kong	0	5 023	0	1 284	1 780	0	0	1 765	90	0	0
Korea, Dem. People's Rep	0	11	0	910	8 520	25 786	36 456	36 532	31 616	34 718	41 371
Korea, Rep. of	196	792	180	180	1 134	0	880	5 704	290	-42	0
Mongolia	1 664	1 784	13 202	6 535	1 906	6 044	22 361	6 554	16 568	27 315	22 905
Taiwan	0	191	10	180	0	0	0	100	-54	1 329	0
Regional Far East Asia	-	-	-	11 131	15 887	28 492	4 820	3 263	41 573	4 700	7 730
Oceania	8 053	3 819	587	1 132	2 037	3 290	2 190	2 327	1 827	1 266	1 843
Cook Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
Fiji	0	199	177	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Micronesia	0	123	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Papua New Guinea	0	1 134	145	844	1 693	3 029	2 190	1 126	1 827	546	1 232
Samoa, Western	1 080	0	0	0	61	0	0	601	0	40	0
Regional Oceania	6 973	2 363	265	235	283	261	0	601	0	620	611
Regional Asia	52 354	48 604	25 374	24 426	35 663	49 118	41 656	87 650	71 860	49 777	84 413
LATIN AMERICA	960 224	1 098 012	986 435	1 012 049	932 656	893 857	764 036	1 364 922	1 510 142	1 440 122	1 224 587
Central America	622 192	617 462	484 546	504 540	566 064	464 216	401 214	982 287	1 022 019	951 079	768 818
Belize	0	136	226	52	0	0	87	84	0	0	0
Costa Rica	36 239	76 574	54 652	57 479	21 087	23 307	15 664	13 926	15 561	3 425	10 588
El Salvador	23 624	54 038	41 223	32 351	49 125	36 500	40 225	58 228	72 290	85 506	51 431
Guatemala	9 471	14 574	15 066	43 710	55 205	103 837	88 683	150 164	122 971	127 818	109 907
Honduras	80	4 588	4 836	6 747	11 493	13 741	21 905	239 581	381 951	324 001	106 976
Mexico	2 362	2 752	3 156	6 178	1 769	2 425	151	1 827	1 577	2 910	3 740
Nicaragua	399 067	282 309	236 551	227 009	331 526	163 979	157 611	275 218	305 220	234 932	375 673
Panama	0	332	929	1 067	150	150	162	84	0	0	0

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	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Regional Central America	151 349	182 159	127 907	129 947	95 709	120 277	76 726	243 175	122 449	172 488	110 503
The Caribbean	14 743	22 400	72 762	61 019	15 026	37 695	14 863	25 086	28 450	14 566	25 429
Cuba	6 669	3 865	48 960	25 543	7 506	8 120	8 379	16 450	10 275	8 387	18 326
Dominica	0	0	65	119	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
Dominican Rep.	5 610	8 193	3 570	9 369	4 875	1 067	656	968	11 714	741	1 461
Grenada	0	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haiti	0	1 713	14 629	15 432	1 145	899	2 510	3 755	4 488	1 836	4 266
Jamaica	2 464	7 984	4 885	4 834	1 500	24 252	1 886	1 666	1 892	3 582	1 376
Netherlands Antilles	0	0	0	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saint Kitts & Nevis	0	0	125	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saint Lucia	0	0	0	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saint Vincent & Grenadines	0	0	0	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trinidad & Tobago	0	573	528	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Regional the Caribbean	0	0	0	5 444	0	3 357	1 431	2 248	81	0	0
South America	218 925	359 181	398 414	405 360	306 659	328 584	261 037	258 847	357 807	385 193	335 147
Argentina	11 548	25 270	10 553	15 946	10 715	4 676	4 574	1 173	1 767	1 840	2 192
Bolivia	35 914	102 234	131 259	162 940	133 891	153 692	104 921	109 308	172 220	209 049	159 668
Brazil	2 051	28 525	9 896	18 236	17 536	19 899	16 070	13 749	14 434	21 165	19 324
Chile	57 150	67 258	137 618	48 673	35 328	23 016	12 315	14 177	20 333	24 167	8 820
Colombia	470	9 681	9 551	14 403	23 631	36 372	25 165	34 512	40 041	64 255	66 571
Ecuador	41 351	11 577	18 294	26 242	16 985	24 177	23 117	11 729	8 519	4 073	5 836
Guyana	0	304	647	504	2 043	248	780	0	608	674	-9
Paraguay	1 150	5 967	10 202	7 081	5 357	19 082	7 030	8 866	7 573	14 144	12 436
Peru	33 699	28 198	29 961	57 057	26 438	35 433	24 820	27 972	33 826	27 741	38 312
Surinam	0	0	148	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uruguay	13 899	23 911	10 952	20 606	10 713	7 030	3 434	999	1 236	678	1 388
Venezuela	159	2 001	3 357	1 437	217	1 050	593	928	12 096	1 167	1 057
Regional South America	21 534	54 255	25 976	32 158	23 805	3 909	38 219	35 434	45 154	16 240	19 552
Regional Latin America	104 364	98 969	30 713	41 130	44 907	63 362	86 923	98 702	101 866	89 285	95 193
EUROPE incl. Central Asia	769 281	950 053	915 382	538 974	583 176	670 389	365 862	748 340	730 448	960 729	911 274
Western Balkan	669 762	934 162	789 066	394 233	429 035	524 718	264 592	601 633	589 697	841 468	729 109
Albania	23 352	12 817	1 475	2 135	2 924	7 584	8 745	44 169	3 633	39 274	38 426
Bosnia & Herzegovina	0	0	382 220	273 451	201 899	238 159	195 399	251 228	218 860	300 012	262 287
Croatia	0	0	161 475	26 295	23 025	22 848	13 107	16 266	26 937	64 060	53 118
Macedonia	-	0	15 686	901	3 539	7 504	2 942	66 323	4 070	63 951	60 224
Slovenia	0	0	10	10	584	0	198	313	2 986	4 835	203

Continued

SEK '000

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Serbia & Montenegro	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	238 014
Yugoslavia	0	0	228 200	91 441	87 270	173 381	44 201	162 724	307 206	362 240	-
States of Ex-Yugoslavia unspecified	646 410	921 345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47 699
Regional Western Balkan	0	0	0	0	109 794	75 242	0	60 609	26 005	7 096	29 138
Kaukasus	0	2 883	82 764	43 058	38 732	17 005	22 903	31 346	30 529	36 158	64 553
Armenia	0	2 883	43 000	19 692	18 330	10 005	4 867	2 930	6 525	8 870	10 179
Azerbaijan	0	0	20 000	11 991	10 902	2 500	6 637	4 446	1 151	726	3 518
Georgia	0	0	19 764	11 375	9 500	4 500	10 117	17 743	16 193	20 522	19 657
Regional Caucasus	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 282	6 226	6 660	6 039	31 199
Central Asia	0	16	25 013	12 461	8 773	12 167	15 747	27 691	27 772	41 314	41 295
Kazakstan	0	0	0	1 171	3 723	950	1 030	670	1 718	6 030	4 657
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	518	0	0	2 000	992	2 627	9 278	8 148
Tajikistan	0	16	25 013	9 311	5 025	10 188	8 800	10 194	16 220	10 065	19 588
Turkmenistan	0	0	0	460	25	0	0	43	0	9 911	0
Uzbekistan	0	0	0	1 001	0	1 029	3 617	2 437	1 445	393	1 340
Regional Central Asia	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	13 355	5 762	5 637	7 562
Moldova	0	0	90	200	71	658	7 626	19 812	22 089	26 312	44 432
Turkey	6 684	8 623	18 130	26 053	28 300	17 069	7 530	12 789	24 087	7 758	16 125
Regional Europe	92 835	4 369	319	62 969	78 265	98 772	47 464	55 070	36 274	7 718	15 760
GLOBAL	1 816 999	1 244 794	2 341 434	1 412 686	1 542 686	1 576 987	1 933 644	1 933 333	2 498 036	3 264 297	3 267 218
TOTAL BILATERAL excl. adm	9 725 498	9 801 512	10 024 585	7 907 714	8 713 195	8 540 057	7 621 005	8 755 839	10 614 738	11 740 907	11 434 458
ADMINISTRATION	533 173	565 003	580 068	576 024	645 585	690 212	657 159	744 066	758 724	715 903	716 794
TOTAL BILATERAL incl. adm	10 258 671	10 366 515	10 604 653	8 483 738	9 358 780	9 230 269	8 278 164	9 499 905	11 373 462	12 456 810	12 151 252

Country strategies and action programmes

Sweden's development co-operation has a number of different forms in order to meet the needs of each co-operation activity and the situation in each individual country. The partner countries differ considerably and their potential for development is equally diverse. Sweden has established country strategies for the largest partner countries. These country strategies are Sweden's most important instrument for planning development co-operation at national level.

The focus of support and selection of sectors, programmes and projects are based on this overall assessment and concretised in country plans. This approach also determines decisions on the scope of co-operation, time schedules, forms of

financing and participants. Sida's support has the aim of reflecting the efforts, reality and development needs of each individual country. Sida's operations are based on a holistic approach, which also takes into account the opportunities available to Sweden to make meaningful contributions.

Sida has established action programmes in pivotal areas of international development co-operation: Poverty alleviation; Peace, democracy & human rights; Gender equality; and Environment & sustainable development.

The country strategies and the four action programmes form the basis of the selection of inputs in each individual country and the concentration of operations

Table 4: Sweden's 60 largest bilateral partner countries 2002

Country	Disb.	%	Acc%	Country	Disb.	%	Acc%	Country	Disb.	%	Acc%
1 Tanzania	597 097	4.6	4.6	21 Guatemala	109 907	0.9	37.4	41 Jordan	40 784	0.3	47.6
2 Mozambique	440 090	3.4	8.1	22 Honduras	106 976	0.8	38.2	42 Albania	38 426	0.3	47.9
3 Nicaragua	375 673	2.9	11.0	23 Sudan	93 608	0.7	38.9	43 Peru	38 312	0.3	48.2
4 Palestinian Adm. Areas	272 384	2.1	13.1	24 Namibia	91 540	0.7	39.6	44 East Timor	37 731	0.3	48.5
5 Afghanistan	267 548	2.1	15.2	25 Mali	88 542	0.7	40.3	45 Nepal	35 023	0.3	48.8
6 Bosnia-Herzegovina	262 287	2.0	17.2	26 Zimbabwe	80 265	0.6	40.9	46 Burundi	34 671	0.3	49.1
7 Serbia & Montenegro	238 014	1.8	19.1	27 India	79 355	0.6	41.6	47 Thailand	34 485	0.3	49.3
8 Viet Nam	237 188	1.8	20.9	28 Congo. the Dem. Rep. (Zaire)	74 718	0.6	42.1	48 Mongolia	22 905	0.2	49.5
9 Uganda	227 571	1.8	22.7	29 Malawi	74 345	0.6	42.7	49 Egypt	21 547	0.2	49.7
10 South Africa	213 751	1.7	24.3	30 Burkina Faso	73 303	0.6	43.3	50 Congo	20 973	0.2	49.8
11 Ethiopia	207 162	1.6	25.9	31 Colombia	66 571	0.5	43.8	51 Georgia	19 657	0.2	50.0
12 Zambia	188 598	1.5	27.4	32 China	62 252	0.5	44.3	52 Tajikistan	19 588	0.2	50.1
13 Bolivia	159 668	1.2	28.7	33 Macedonia	60 224	0.5	44.8	53 Brazil	19 324	0.2	50.3
14 Rwanda	151 416	1.2	29.8	34 Somalia	53 251	0.4	45.2	54 Cuba	18 326	0.1	50.4
15 Laos	149 475	1.2	31.0	35 Croatia	53 118	0.4	45.6	55 Guinea-Bissau	17 559	0.1	50.6
16 Sri Lanka	146 128	1.1	32.1	36 El Salvador	51 431	0.4	46.0	56 Sierra Leone	16 893	0.1	50.7
17 Bangladesh	145 285	1.1	33.3	37 Moldova	44 432	0.3	46.3	57 Turkey	16 125	0.1	50.8
18 Cambodia (Kampuchea)	141 201	1.1	34.4	38 Iraq	43 773	0.3	46.7	58 Indonesia	15 407	0.1	50.9
19 Kenya	140 215	1.1	35.4	39 Korea. Dem. People's Rep	41 371	0.3	47.0	59 Philippines	15 358	0.1	51.1
20 Angola	137 245	1.1	36.5	40 Eritrea	41 186	0.3	47.3	60 Pakistan	15 130	0.1	51.2

SEK '000, per cent and accumulated per cent

Percentage (%) gives each country's share of Sweden's total bilateral development co-operation. Tanzania, for example, received 4.6 per cent of Sweden's disbursements in 2002.

The accumulated percentage (Acc%) gives the size of the share of Sweden's total bilateral development co-operation which the countries receive together, for example, the five largest countries (Tanzania, Mozambique, Nicaragua,

to central sectors or problem areas. Sida plans new activities jointly with partner countries.

Palestinian Adm. Areas and Afghanistan) together received 15.2 per cent of Sweden's total development co-operation.

Altogether the 60 largest bilateral partner countries received a little bit more than 50 per cent of Sweden's total bilateral development co-operation. A large portion of the development co-operation was given to regional or global projects.

Some countries have been among the ten largest partner countries throughout the entire decade: Tanzania, Mozambique, Nicaragua and Viet Nam.

The largest bilateral partner country in 2002 was Tanzania. The support is mainly aimed at improving the social sectors and the infrastructure.

Where the Palestinian Adm. Areas are concerned, the increase in the disbursements are due to the increase in humanitarian assistance. This is caused by the political situation and the further escalation of the conflict between Israel and the Palestinians.

Also Afghanistan is in 2002 among the ten largest bilateral partner countries. Development co-operation in Afghanistan changed drastically after September 11, 2001 and the fall of the Taliban regime. Afghanistan received a lot of humanitarian support and it was also supplemented with long-term support for reconstruction. Support via the UN System and NGOs are the main forms of co-operation.

The share of Swedish co-operation allocated to Nicaragua and Honduras increased at the end of the 1990s mostly due to the humanitarian assistance and reconstruction activities resulting from the hurricane Mitch. Nicaragua is still a country that receives a lot of support from Sweden.

Table 5a-c: Sweden's 10 largest bilateral partner countries in 1990, 1995 and 2002

1990			1995			2002		
Country	Disb.	%	Country	Disb.	%	Country	Disb.	%
1 Tanzania	885 275	10.8	1 Mozambique	386 281	4.6	1 Tanzania	597 097	4.6
2 Mozambique	805 430	9.9	2 India	367 397	4.3	2 Mozambique	440 090	3.4
3 India	349 328	4.3	3 Tanzania	322 831	3.8	3 Nicaragua	375 673	2.9
4 Viet Nam	317 544	3.9	4 Ethiopia	278 674	3.3	4 Palestinian Adm. Areas	272 384	2.1
5 Ethiopia	289 607	3.5	5 Bosnia & Herze.	273 451	3.2	5 Afghanistan	267 548	2.1
6 Angola	226 394	2.8	6 Viet Nam	242 236	2.9	6 Bosnia-Herzegovina	262 287	2.0
7 Zambia	220 002	2.7	7 Zambia	231 210	2.7	7 Serbia & Montenegro	238 014	1.8
8 Zimbabwe	215 148	2.6	8 Nicaragua	227 009	2.7	8 Viet Nam	237 188	1.8
9 China	188 987	2.3	9 Zimbabwe	206 722	2.4	9 Uganda	227 571	1.8
10 Nicaragua	186 797	2.3	10 Iraq	203 044	2.4	10 South Africa	213 751	1.7

SEK '000 and per cent of total bilateral

Multilateral development co-operation

37 per cent of Sweden's development co-operation is multilateral, i.e. provided in the form of support via multilateral organisations (Chart 2, page 5). Support to multilateral co-operation is provided through regular contributions and assistance for the core funding of multilateral organisations. (Multi-bilateral assistance, i.e. bilateral co-operation implemented by multilateral organisations, is registered as bilateral co-operation.) By utilising the comparative advantages of the different organisations, the multilateral system's total development effects are maximised.

Sweden tries to ensure that the activities of the UN and the World Bank are co-ordinated efficiently, especially in recipient countries.

A lot of Sweden's multilateral co-operation (30.4 per cent in 2002) is channelled through the UN and its various agencies. The World Bank Group, regional development banks, other development banks and funds, and the EU implement other programmes of multilateral co-operation. A large promissory note, SEK 3.5 billion, was signed between Sweden and IDA in 2002.

Table 6: Sweden's multilateral development co-operation by organisation 1992-2002

	SEK '000										
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
UN	2 484 266	1 953 028	2 057 810	1 844 854	1 789 000	1 687 000	1 685 008	1 831 802	2 275 781	2 820 480	2 190 894
UNDP	739 105	568 840	613 000	464 787	460 000	460 000	474 200	490 000	540 000	808 400	549 300
UNFPA	145 000	140 000	140 000	116 000	116 000	116 000	125 000	140 000	166 000	163 000	185 000
UNHCR	235 000	236 500	275 000	248 500	248 000	263 500	260 000	270 000	410 000	587 090	199 900
UNICEF	415 000	350 000	350 000	283 000	283 000	283 000	250 000	265 000	292 500	299 500	298 000
UNRWA	146 000	130 000	146 000	140 000	135 000	135 000	145 000	150 000	160 000	165 005	170 000
WFP	437 037	270 000	270 000	245 000	245 000	200 000	180 000	90 000	285 000	210 000	210 000
UN other	367 124	257 688	263 810	347 567	302 000	229 500	250 808	426 802	422 281	587 485	578 694
DEVELOPMENT BANKS	1 385 129	1 289 871	1 040 104	1 080 000	1 267 800	1 422 604	1 699 606	1 397 950	1 992 322	614 803	4 173 986
World Bank group and IMF	864 213	984 966	859 906	931 000	935 000	965 545	1 017 817	865 479	1 381 016	0	3 489 040
World Bank IBRD	18 000	18 000	40 718	8 000	0	0	11 000	0	0	0	0
International Development Fund IDA	842 613	949 656	805 188	826 000	916 000	965 545	989 056	865 479	1 366 234	0	3 489 040
International Financing Company IFC	3 600	17 310	14 000	17 000	19 000	0	17 761	0	0	0	0
International Monetary Fund IMF	0	0	0	80 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
of which ESAF	0	0	0	80 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14 782	0	0
Regional development banks	388 493	304 905	71 264	60 000	259 400	356 040	472 635	343 276	445 602	470 367	409 031
African Development Bank	9 304	10 452	7 257	0	0	0	0	0	11 482	12 281	10 788
African Development Fund	255 244	290 451	0	22 000	176 400	223 677	278 194	142 599	271 391	313 485	395 754
Asian Development Bank	25 127	0	0	0	0	0	1 941	188 438	2 214	61 796	2 489
Asian Dev. Bank, Special Fund	95 390	0	59 486	20 000	83 000	114 990	177 831	0	135 830	82 805	0
Inter-American Development Bank	1 549	2 123	0	0	0	0	1 148	12 239	22 188	0	0
Inter-Am. Dev. Bank, Special Fund	1 879	1 879	4 521	18 000	0	17 373	13 521	0	2 497	0	0
Other development banks	132 423	0	108 934	89 000	73 400	101 019	209 154	189 195	165 704	144 436	275 915
Nordic Development Fund	132 423	0	105 000	89 000	73 400	101 019	-	158 182	146 330	103 751	0

Continued

SEK '000

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Other development banks	0	0	3 934	0	0	0	209 154	31 013	19 374	40 686	275 915
OTHER MULTI. CO-OPERATION	104 921	159 208	344 714	40 000	285 000	168 497	77 526	25 104	80 909	166 544	29 327
GEF	0	65 355	225 000	-	151 000	70 000	0	0	10 080	0	0
Other environmental contributions	0	12 326	11 600	-	0	0	17 400	15 000	30 695	12 099	0
IFAD	25 000	2 765	43 818	0	37 000	38 297	1 000	6 058	40 134	131 845	0
Other contributions	79 921	78 762	64 296	40 000	97 000	60 200	59 126	4 046	0	22 600	29 327
EU	0	0	0	707 000	707 000	707 000	767 000	740 682	757 312	1 162 553	808 882
EC	0	0	0	707 000	707 000	707 000	707 000	740 682	757 312	731 986	757 000
European Development Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	60 000	0	0	430 567	51 882
TOTAL MULTILATERAL	3 974 316	3 402 107	3 442 628	3 671 854	4 048 800	3 985 101	4 229 140	3 995 538	5 106 324	4 764 381	7 203 089

SWEDEN'S CO-OPERATION WITH CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE

Goals of co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe

Sweden has given extensive support to the reform process in Central and Eastern Europe since 1989.

Co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe has a different focus from that of Sweden's other development co-operation activities and is guided by two goals adopted by the Swedish parliament:

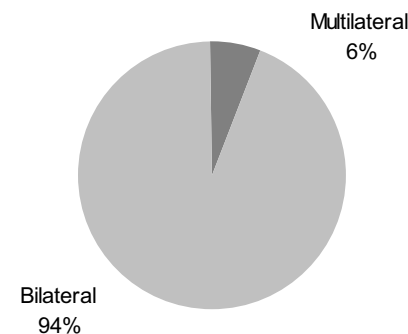
- A. To promote sustainable development
- B. To deepen the integration and partnership in the Baltic Sea region, on the basis of the needs in the partner countries and by utilising the Swedish resource base.

Co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe is also guided by Sida's action programmes. (The action programme for poverty alleviation – see page 12 above - is not applicable to co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe during 2002).

Programmes of co-operation shall be permeated by a perspective of equality between women and men. The programmes shall also facilitate the candidate countries' adaptation to the requirements of the EU.

Sida's assignments are based on problems and needs in the partner countries. Sida's task is to help the partner countries to manage without external support. Sida is responsible for ensuring that all Swedish co-operation is used for the right projects and is implemented in the right way.

Chart 4: Breakdown between bilateral and multilateral co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe 2002



Support to Central and Eastern Europe increased during the 1990s, though less support was given in 1994 and 1995, and reached a total of SEK 1 040 million in 2002. The forecast of disbursements for the coming years shows a decrease, partly due to the potential EU membership of some of the countries.

Table7: Sweden's co-operation by agency/organisation with Central and Eastern Europe 1992-2002

SEK '000

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
BILATERAL	572 755	594 618	587 953	698 861	853 842	797 146	824 976	766 715	1 088 981	1 166 661	974 865
Sida ¹	n.a	n.a	271 389	500 536	377 792	484 993	538 473	529 563	686 733	694 279	683 688
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	n.a	n.a	181 087	96 133	354 800	190 163	169 590	181 357	253 917	334 727	131 634
Swedish Institute	n.a	n.a	40 200	50 100	51 049	37 493	34 668	45 095	81 883	78 916	90 858
Swedish International Project	n.a	n.a	33 304	28 000	44 419	50 162	47 429	0	58 883	54 691	60 957
Other	572 755	594 618	61 973	24 092	25 782	34 335	34 817	10 700	7 565	4 048	7 728
MULTILATERAL	206 766	274 046	97 500	50 400	340 096	335 000	335 000	382 780	27 374	63 094	64 768
Sida ¹	n.a	n.a	3 000	5 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ministry for Foreign Affairs	n.a	n.a	94 500	42 300	335 000	335 000	335 000	382 780	27 374	63 094	64 768
Other	206 766	274 046	0	3 100	5 096	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	779 521	868 664	685 453	749 261	1 193 938	1 132 146	1 159 976	1 149 495	1 116 355	1 229 755	1 039 633

¹ In July 1995, the former SIDA was merged with SAREC, BITS, SWEDECORP and Sandö and a new agency, Sida, was formed.

Bilateral co-operation

Sida is the largest agency and is responsible for 60 per cent of Swedish bilateral co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe in 2001.

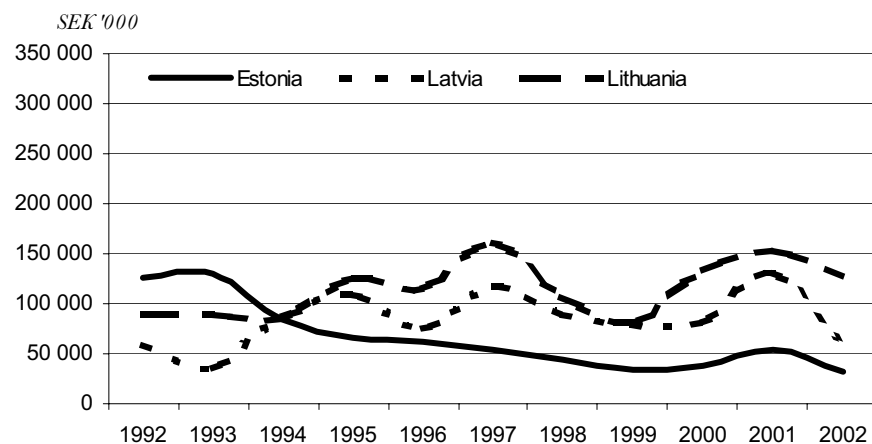
Most of Sweden's co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe is in the form of bilateral assistance. This is defined as direct development co-operation between Sweden and the individual countries concerned.

Most of the support consists of the transfer of know-how and the exchange of experience in strategically important sectors in the region. Experts from companies, agencies and universities participate on the Swedish side. The authorities in the partner country make priorities in respect of the projects which

shall be implemented. The partner country is responsible for the implementation of each project and pays part of the costs.

The prioritized countries in 2002 were Belarus, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Russia and Ukraine. Poland was no longer a prioritized country in 2002 and is being phased out in accordance with the Government's country strategy.

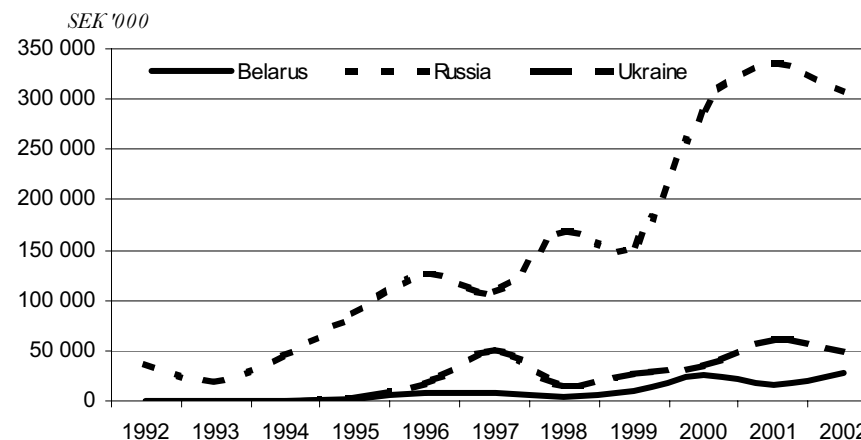
Chart 5: Sweden's co-operation with the Baltic countries 1992-2002



Co-operation with the Baltic countries started in 1991 when the countries achieved independence, but did not reach present levels until a year later.

Support to Estonia decreased from around SEK 130 million in 1992 to less than SEK 40 million in 1999 and 2000. The support increased to almost SEK 54 million in 2001. Once again the support declined in 2002. This is due to the phasing out of the support. Lithuania and Latvia, on the other hand, experienced increases in support until 1997 then the trend seems to have been reversed during the late 1990s. The support to Lithuania and Latvia increased substantially in 2001 but fell drastically in 2002 because of the phasing out.

Chart 6: Sweden's co-operation with other priority countries in Central and Eastern Europe 1992-2002



Russia is by far the Central and Eastern European country that receives the most support from Sweden. Sweden mainly supports projects in north-west Russia. Since 1991 support to Russia has increased from almost zero to more than SEK 300 million.

Support to Belarus was fairly constant during the 1990s. Support to Belarus has increased slightly in 2002. Support to the Ukraine started in 1991 when the country was recognised, but remained on a small scale until 1996 when Sida's co-operation with Ukraine started.

Table 8: Sweden's bilateral co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe, by country 1992-2002

	SEK '000										
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Belarus	0	156	0	2 044	7 848	7 237	3 736	10 015	25 091	15 758	27 906
Bulgaria	408	78	131	640	50	475	362	160	2 256	1 559	2 032
Czech Republic	6 989	5 605	2 086	4 199	1 213	445	3 024	0	1 581	1 925	11 380
Estonia	126 642	130 195	84 773	66 956	62 325	54 669	44 999	33 826	37 646	53 523	32 575
Hungary	6 407	3 426	1 618	1 624	317	158	4 076	133	3 382	3 707	1 799
Latvia	59 409	35 346	88 794	109 974	76 632	118 070	90 833	79 425	81 136	131 369	55 425
Lithuania	90 175	90 461	85 089	126 590	116 468	161 057	107 398	82 930	134 871	153 441	128 883
Poland	63 082	47 024	47 640	53 866	35 856	60 255	90 418	69 923	53 250	35 806	39 361
Russia	37 276	20 320	45 089	86 993	127 212	109 131	168 769	155 748	289 856	336 279	307 634
Romania	11 066	1 246	970	1 783	1 022	280	4 303	3 591	9 025	4 693	5 873
Slovakia	3 495	234	535	2 960	623	1 066	1 353	520	1 140	2 529	1 601
Ukraine	0	311	269	4 948	18 409	52 577	16 464	28 717	36 749	61 044	48 784
Regional Baltic region	-	-	-	-	-	-	12 036	18 994	53 228	32 394	46 587
Regional Central & Eastern Europe	167 806	260 217	230 959	236 284	405 867	231 726	277 205	282 733	359 770	332 634	250 363
TOTAL	572 755	594 618	587 953	698 861	853 842	797 146	824 976	766 715	1 088 981	1 166 661	960 203

Multilateral co-operation

Sweden's multilateral co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe is the responsibility of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. Most support is channelled through the European Commission (EC). Sweden contributes to this co-operation through a percentage of its annual membership fee to the EU.

The EU has three major programmes for co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe: Phare, Cards and Tacis. Phare includes countries in the Baltic Sea region

and Central Europe and Cards the Balkans. Tacis includes countries in the former Soviet Union, apart from the Baltic states.

Swedish multilateral support to Central and Eastern Europe increased considerably in 1995 due to Swedish membership of the EU. Thereafter, multilateral support was fairly constant up to 1999, after which it decreased drastically due to changes in the reporting system of DAC.

Table 9: Sweden's multilateral co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe, by organisation 1992-2002

	SEK '000										
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
EBRD	206 766	199 306	3 000	13 200	0	0	0	27 887	17 777	47 894	11 175
EC	0	-	-	0	335 000	335 000	335 000	335 000	2 123	0	0
Other	0	74 740	94 500	37 200	5 096	0	0	19 893	7 474	15 200	53 593
TOTAL MULTILATERAL	206 766	274 046	97 500	50 400	340 096	335 000	335 000	382 780	27 374	63 094	64 768

GLOBAL INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION

OECD/DAC compiles annual statistics from member countries and countries which have programmes of international development co-operation. The aim of these statistics is to provide an overall picture of global development co-operation and to enable comparisons to be made between donor countries.

A number of different types of information are collected: bilateral co-operation; multilateral co-operation; co-operation by target and sector; ways in which co-

operation activities are financed (grants, credits, guarantees, loans, personnel etc.). Information on private flows of funds to developing countries is also collected.

All this information, plus studies and evaluations, are published in various publications as well as on OECD/DAC's web-site. There are also databases on statistics (IDS online) at <http://www.oecd.org/dataoecd/50/17/5037721.htm>. Below a brief extract is given of the information available from the IDS online database.

Table 10: DAC countries' development co-operation by donor country, 1991-2002

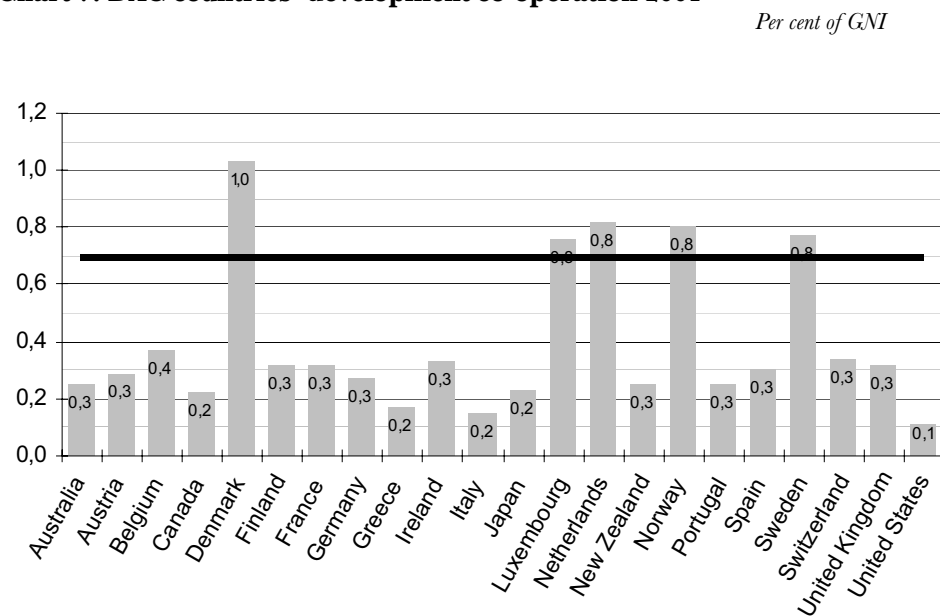
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	<i>USD million</i>											
Australia	1 050	1 015	953	1 091	1 194	1 074	1 061	960	982	987	873	989
Austria	547	556	544	655	767	557	527	456	527	423	533	520
Belgium	831	870	810	727	1 034	913	764	883	760	820	867	1 072
Canada	2 604	2 515	2 400	2 250	2 067	1 795	2 045	1 691	1 706	1 744	1 533	2 006
Denmark	1 200	1 392	1 340	1 446	1 623	1 772	1 637	1 704	1 733	1 664	1 634	1 643
Finland	930	644	355	290	388	408	379	396	416	371	389	462
France	7 386	8 270	7 915	8 466	8 443	7 451	6 307	5 742	5 639	4 105	4 198	5 486
Germany	6 890	7 583	6 954	6 818	7 524	7 601	5 857	5 581	5 515	5 030	4 990	5 324
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	184	173	179	194	226	202	276
Ireland	72	70	81	109	153	179	187	199	245	235	287	398
Italy	3 347	4 122	3 043	2 705	1 623	2 416	1 266	2 278	1 806	1 376	1 627	2 332
Japan	10 952	11 151	11 259	13 239	14 489	9 439	9 358	10 640	15 323	13 508	9 847	9 283
Luxembourg	42	38	50	59	65	82	95	112	119	127	139	147
Netherlands	2 517	2 753	2 525	2 517	3 226	3 246	2 947	3 042	3 134	3 135	3 172	3 338
New Zealand	100	97	98	110	123	122	154	130	134	113	112	122
Norway	1 178	1 273	1 014	1 137	1 244	1 311	1 306	1 321	1 370	1 264	1 346	1 696
Portugal	205	293	235	303	258	218	250	259	276	271	268	323
Spain	1 262	1 518	1 304	1 305	1 348	1 251	1 234	1 376	1 363	1 195	1 737	1 712
Sweden	2 116	2 460	1 769	1 819	1 704	1 999	1 731	1 573	1 630	1 799	1 666	1 991
Switzerland	863	1 139	793	982	1 084	1 026	911	898	984	890	908	939
United Kingdom	3 201	3 243	2 920	3 197	3 202	3 199	3 433	3 864	3 426	4 501	4 579	4 924
United States	11 262	11 709	10 123	9 927	7 367	9 377	6 878	8 786	9 145	9 955	11 429	13 290
TOTAL	58 554	62 711	56 486	59 152	58 926	55 622	48 497	52 068	56 428	53 737	52 336	58 273

Source: OECD/DAC

The donors providing most support in terms of money are the United States, Japan, France and Germany, but their support to developing countries only amounts to some 0.1-0.3 per cent of their GNI, as is the case for many other DAC countries. Denmark, the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden and Luxembourg provide support to developing countries amounting to 0.8-1.0 per cent of their GNI.

As mentioned above, Sweden has maintained a level in excess of UN's target of 0.7 per cent of GNI since 1974/75.

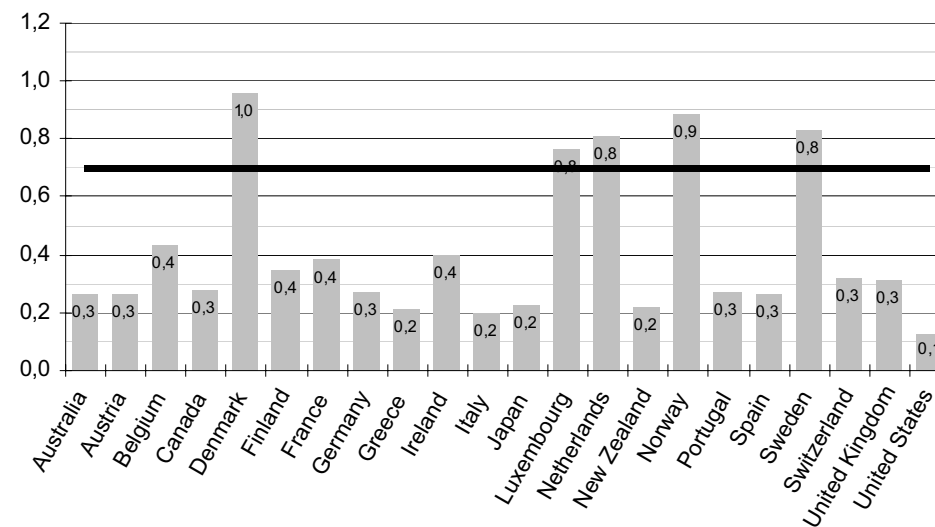
Chart 7: DAC countries' development co-operation 2001



Source: OECD/DAC

Chart 8: DAC countries' development co-operation 2002

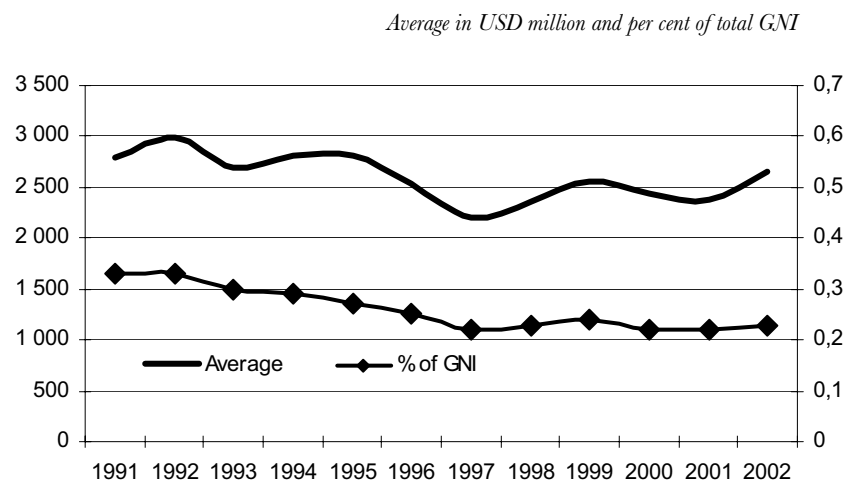
Per cent of GNI



Source: OECD/DAC

Chart 9: DAC countries' development co-operation 1991-2002

Source: OECD/DAC



Source: OECD/DAC

The support provided to developing countries by DAC member countries mostly shows a decreasing trend in the 1990s. In 1997 the trend seems to turn, both in terms of disbursements and in per cent of GNI. This might be a result of the goal to decrease poverty by 50 per cent before the year 2015.

In 2000, the DAC countries allocated, all in all, approximately 0.23 per cent of GNI to support for developing countries. This is far below the UN target of 0.7 per cent. A positive trend is the increasing disbursements.

Table 11: Disbursements to Sweden's 15 largest partner countries by donor country 2002

USD million

	Tanzania	Mozambique	Nicaragua	Palestinian adm.areas	Afghanistan	Bosnia- Herzegovina	Serbia & Montenegro	Viet Nam	Uganda	South Africa	Ethiopia	Zambia	Bolivia	Rwanda	Laos
Australia	1.0	6.8	0.1	3.5	12.8	-	-	35.1	0.6	5.7	1.5	0.6	-	-	8.6
Austria	30.3	21.4	4.5	3.6	13.4	10.9	87.0	1.6	5.4	1.4	4.3	0.4	0.3	1.5	0.0
Belgium	70.6	2.8	2.0	9.4	7.0	1.9	51.9	11.6	2.1	9.9	1.6	2.7	19.1	21.5	3.2
Canada	8.3	9.0	7.7	8.9	35.8	6.9	-	20.0	6.4	9.5	6.9	12.2	14.6	5.6	1.5
Denmark	69.9	51.9	25.0	5.5	7.8	0.4	8.0	48.4	43.1	18.8	2.7	32.2	30.6	0.5	5.0
Finland	12.6	11.8	5.9	4.3	15.3	4.7	9.0	7.2	0.8	6.3	4.6	5.3	0.5	0.9	1.3
France	16.0	431.6	0.9	15.6	11.9	2.4	103.7	77.8	5.5	25.4	10.2	10.1	33.9	6.6	14.9
Germany	23.2	156.9	34.5	37.9	92.6	19.4	531.4	41.7	33.9	42.4	40.6	44.2	71.9	10.8	12.0
Greece	0.0	-	-	1.3	9.0	5.7	5.4	-	0.1	0.1	0.2	-	-	-	-
Ireland	24.8	29.4	0.5	4.8	6.6	1.6	0.7	0.1	37.0	12.1	25.3	20.5	0.4	1.4	0.2
Italy	132.3	446.5	2.3	23.0	28.3	6.4	3.7	-2.3	26.7	7.8	49.2	1.0	4.6	1.0	0.8
Japan	58.2	69.7	31.4	12.8	31.7	14.7	0.3	374.7	8.1	4.7	50.5	68.4	37.5	0.4	90.1
Luxembourg	0.5	0.4	3.2	4.3	4.7	0.3	7.9	5.3	0.1	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.4	4.0	4.7
Netherlands	138.3	52.0	26.0	13.9	88.3	37.3	61.9	30.1	43.5	45.6	34.8	35.5	62.6	19.6	2.0
New Zealand	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.7	2.0	-	-	1.7	0.2	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.9
Norway	46.7	38.7	9.1	50.9	60.9	23.8	22.1	7.9	32.6	17.5	28.5	29.1	3.3	6.1	5.7
Portugal	-	23.9	-	0.5	1.0	2.2	-	-	-	2.0	2.2	-	-	-	0.1
Spain	0.3	33.5	22.3	11.3	17.8	27.8	24.5	7.4	2.8	0.1	1.2	-	30.8	0.7	-
Sweden	61.4	45.3	38.7	28.0	27.5	27.0	24.5	24.4	23.4	22.0	21.3	19.4	16.4	15.6	15.4
Switzerland	19.3	21.6	6.2	8.2	13.3	15.8	24.1	12.4	0.6	6.1	2.1	1.1	13.4	3.9	2.0
United Kingdom	103.2	48.0	0.4	23.8	130.8	7.3	459.7	26.5	84.0	47.0	43.7	28.1	14.2	52.6	1.0
United States	85.4	159.7	66.7	138.1	367.6	75.8	495.4	14.7	109.4	89.4	156.4	48.3	127.7	46.4	8.5
TOTAL	902.8	1 661.0	287.2	410.2	985.9	292.3	1 921.3	746.0	466.1	375.3	489.2	359.5	482.2	199.1	177.8

Source: OECD/DAC

Table 12: Disbursements to Central and Eastern Europe by donor country in 1991-2002

	USD million											
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Australia	1.6	1.9	2.0	0.5	2.0	7.2	0.1	-	-	-	1.6	3.7
Austria	269.7	320.8	373.0	231.1	234.5	185.4	144.9	144.0	128.2	143.7	161.4	141.5
Belgium	193.1	76.4	20.4	10.6	14.4	14.1	10.6	2.2	5.2	4.8	4.8	12.0
Canada	114.2	234.2	54.2	46.4	225.1	180.2	156.0	154.4	163.6	164.7	152.1	104.5
Denmark	27.9	55.8	111.2	81.0	138.2	108.7	92.2	118.5	127.7	118.6	112.8	95.2
Finland	101.6	22.5	22.9	32.0	41.7	37.1	50.0	50.0	38.1	31.2	32.3	32.0
France	101.8	112.9	370.9	344.1	365.5	411.9	296.0	435.7	319.3	295.3	1 010.8	1 062.7
Germany	2 132.7	2 994.1	2 103.5	1 967.0	4 107.3	831.6	342.5	310.1	305.2	256.5	245.0	265.6
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	8.1	12.0	7.4	8.8	6.6	15.9
Ireland	-	0.1	0.2	0.4	1.6	1.2	0.7	-	-	-	0.2	1.0
Italy	82.4	108.3	44.2	13.1	12.3	11.6	5.6	2.7	7.7	203.9	20.9	0.8
Japan	38.3	153.2	122.7	133.3	144.4	141.1	61.8	53.9	22.7	62.7	24.7	56.1
Luxembourg	-	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.7	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.6	1.9	3.0	3.2
Netherlands	33.3	52.8	105.0	-	149.2	13.1	4.9	128.3	21.8	31.0	96.3	131.7
New Zealand	-	0.1	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.4
Norway	12.6	47.8	53.4	63.2	57.2	50.1	55.5	52.1	27.8	26.4	29.4	43.1
Portugal	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.0	-	0.5	0.8	1.1
Spain	23.5	0.4	-	-	-2.1	2.4	2.2	5.1	11.9	10.9	14.3	11.5
Sweden	16.6	300.7	29.8	78.3	98.0	127.3	98.8	103.8	92.8	118.9	113.0	100.3
Switzerland	29.8	65.6	73.2	92.8	87.6	75.8	74.8	72.4	62.8	56.9	55.4	57.4
United Kingdom	44.6	100.2	82.9	100.6	127.3	133.3	140.9	121.1	97.1	85.1	86.7	87.6
United States	1 762.0	554.0	1 646.0	2 353.0	1 280.0	1 612.0	1 271.0	1 566.1	2 453.0	1 616.4	1 459.2	2 244.4
TOTAL	4 985.5	5 203.5	5 217.1	5 549.5	7 087.0	3 947.6	2 818.8	3 335.0	3 894.9	3 238.0	3 631.5	4 471.5
Average	293.3	260.2	274.6	326.4	354.4	188.0	134.3	175.5	216.4	170.4	165.1	203.3

Source: OECD/DAC

Table 13: Disbursements to Central and Eastern Europe by partner and donor country 2002

USD million

	Belarus	Bulgaria	Czech Republic	Estonia	Hungary	Latvia	Lithuania	Poland	Romania	Russia	Slovak Rep.	Ukraine
Australia	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Austria	0.5	9.4	4.4	0.1	6.7	0.2	0.2	97.7	3.2	4.8	5.5	1.9
Belgium	-	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.3	-
Canada	0.1	1.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8	70.8	2.2	12.8	0.7	14.0
Denmark	1.0	3.3	2.4	12.2	0.3	9.8	8.9	14.3	6.0	13.2	3.9	5.1
Finland	0.1	-	-	2.8	0.1	2.1	2.0	-1.4	-	11.9	0.1	1.6
France	2.8	14.9	8.3	1.3	7.5	1.4	2.0	159.6	23.6	23.8	4.1	6.8
Germany	6.8	49.2	16.3	2.4	11.5	3.8	6.9	37.3	29.7	54.1	6.7	44.6
Greece	0.0	4.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.0	1.3
Ireland	0.1	0.1	0.2	-	0.0	-	-	-	0.1	0.5	-	-
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.8	0.0	0.2	-	-
Japan	0.2	36.7	1.6	0.6	6.9	0.4	1.5	-3.8	29.6	5.3	3.6	1.6
Luxembourg	0.1	0.2	0.8	-	0.0	-	-	0.1	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.1
Netherlands	1.0	7.9	1.2	0.6	1.2	0.4	0.7	1.1	6.8	8.2	1.5	2.8
New Zealand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Norway	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	22.7	0.3	0.2
Portugal	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	-
Spain	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.7	3.0	0.1	1.0
Sweden	2.9	0.2	1.2	3.4	0.2	5.7	13.3	4.1	0.6	31.7	0.2	5.0
Switzerland	1.8	5.4	6.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	5.3	15.2	2.7	4.2
United Kingdom	0.1	7.0	1.3	0.2	2.4	0.1	0.1	3.2	9.7	41.5	4.3	12.5
United States	8.4	47.5	2.5	-7.7	1.9	0.8	-1.5	3.1	54.7	858.8	4.9	255.5
Grand total	26.0	189.2	48.5	16.9	40.3	26.2	36.0	388.6	176.6	1 109.3	39.2	358.2
Average	1.5	10.5	2.7	1.1	2.0	1.6	2.2	20.5	9.3	55.5	2.2	22.4

Source: OECD/DAC

QUALITY ETC.

General

The information in this publication concerns Sweden's development co-operation, both multilateral and bilateral, and Sweden's co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe. Information has been obtained from Sida, Ministry for Foreign Affairs, The Export Credit agency, Swedish Armed Forces, Nordic Africa Institute, Swedish International Project for Nuclear Safety and Swedish Radiation Protection Institute.

To make the international statistics in this area comparable between donor countries, definitions and directives are drawn up and agreed upon by the member countries of OECD's Development Assistance Committee (DAC). Sweden makes considerable efforts to ensure that its statistics are comparable and correct.

All amounts show net disbursements, i.e. amounts paid out minus any repaid amounts (unutilised funds remaining after completion of a project or programme which are repaid to the donor), in SEK '000 (Swedish kronor) and current prices, unless otherwise stated.

All information in the section "Global international development co-operation" has been obtained from OECD/DAC's database on the Internet.

Comparison with other publications

Sida's Annual Report

Sida's Annual Report shows Sida's responsibilities for Swedish development co-operation and Swedish co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe.

The annual report shows costs while this publication shows disbursements. The distinction between costs and disbursements is a matter of accounting techniques. Costs are the sum of the invoices which have been registered during a period of one year. Costs become disbursements only when invoices have been paid i.e. an invoice may be registered in 2001 but disbursement may not be made until 2002.

The operational areas shown in the annual report are not identical to the sectors presented here.

Sweden 2001 Statistical Yearbook

The publication is fully comparable with this publication.

Sida 2002 Statistical Report

The Statistical Report shows Sida's development co-operation and co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe in 2002. This publication shows all Swedish development co-operation and co-operation with Central and Eastern Europe, i.e. Sida is only one of the many parties involved.

APPENDICES

1. DAC list of aid recipients for resource flows in 2002

Part I: Developing Countries and Territories (Official Development Assistance)							Part II: Countries and Territories in Transition (Official Aid)		
LLDCs		Other LICs (per capita GNP < \$760 in 1998)	LMICs (per capita GNP \$761-\$9360 in 1998)		UMICs (per capita GNP \$9361-\$9360 in 1998)	Threshold for World Bank Loan Eligibility (\$5280 in 1998)	HICs (per capita GNP > \$9360 in 1998) ¹	CEECs/NIS	More Advanced Developing Countries and Territories
Afghanistan Angola Bangladesh Benin Bhutan Burkina Faso Burundi Cambodia Cape Verde Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo, Dem.Rep. Djibouti Equatorial Guinea Eritrea Ethiopia Gambia Guinea Guinea-Bissau Haiti Kiribati Laos Lesotho	Liberia Madagascar Malawi Maldives Mali Mauritania Mozambique Myanmar Nepal Niger Rwanda Samoa Sao Tome and Principe Senegal Sierra Leone Solomon Islands Somalia Sudan Tanzania Togo Tuvalu Uganda Vanuatu Yemen Zambia	*Armenia *Azerbaijan Cameroon China Congo, Rep. Côte d'Ivoire ▪ East Timor Ghana Honduras India Indonesia Kenya Korea, Democratic Republic *Kyrgyz Rep. *Moldova Mongolia Nicaragua Nigeria Pakistan *Tajikistan *Turkmenistan Viet Nam Zimbabwe	*Albania Algeria Belize Bolivia Bosnia and Herzegovina Colombia Costa Rica Cuba Dominica Dominican Republic Ecuador Egypt El Salvador Fiji *Georgia Guatemala Guyana Iran Iraq Jamaica Jordan *Kazakhstan Macedonia (former Yugoslav Republic) Marshall Islands Micronesia, Federated States Morocco Namibia Niue	Palestinian Administered Areas Papua New Guinea Paraguay Peru Philippines South Africa Sri Lanka St Vincent & Grenadines Suriname Swaziland Syria Thailand ▪ Tokelau Tonga Tunisia *Uzbekistan ▪ Wallis and Futuna Yugoslavia, Federal Republic	Botswana Brazil Chile Cook Islands Croatia Gabon Grenada Lebanon Malaysia Mauritius ▪ Mayotte Mexico Nauru Palau Islands Panama ▪ St Helena St Lucia Trinidad and Tobago Turkey Uruguay Venezuela	Anguilla Antigua and Barbuda Argentina Bahrain Barbados ▪ Montserrat Oman Saudi Arabia Seychelles St Kitts and Nevis ▪ Turks and Caicos Islands	Malta ¹ Slovenia ¹	*Belarus *Bulgaria *Czech Republic *Estonia *Hungary *Latvia *Lithuania *Poland *Romania *Russia *Slovak Republic *Ukraine	▪ Aruba Bahamas ▪ Bermuda Brunei ▪ Cayman Islands Chinese Taipei Cyprus ▪ Falkland Islands ▪ French Polynesia ▪ Gibraltar ▪ Hong Kong, China Israel Korea Kuwait Libya ▪ Macao ▪ Netherlands Antilles ▪ New Caledonia Qatar Singapore United Arab Emirates ▪ Virgin Islands (UK)

* Central and Eastern European countries and New Independent States of the former Soviet Union (CEECs/NIS)

■ Territory

1. These countries and territories will transfer to Part II on 1 January 2003.

2. List of acronyms

AfDB	African Development Bank	MFA	Swedish Ministry for Foreign Affairs
AsDB	Asian Development Bank	MFS	Minor Field Studies
AsDF	Asian Development Fund	MIGA	Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency
CABEI	Central American Development Bank	NDF	Nordic Development Fund
CDB	Caribbean Development Bank	NGO	Non-Governmental Organisations
DAC	OECD's Development Assistance Committee	OA	Official Assistance
EBRD	European Bank for Reconstruction and Development	ODA	Official Development Assistance
EC	European Commission	OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
EDF	European Development Fund	PHARE	EU's Programme for Co-operation with Central Europe and the Baltic States
EIB	European Investment Bank	SADC	Southern Africa Development Community
ESAF	IMF's extended Structural Adjustment Facility	SEK	Swedish crown (krona)
EU	European Union	Sida	Swedish International Development Co-operation Agency
GATT	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade	SIP	Swedish International Project for Nuclear Safety
GEF	Global Environmental Fund	UN	United Nations
GNI	Gross National Income	UNCDF	UN Capital Development Fund
HR	Human Rights	UNCTAD	UN Conference on Trade and Development
IBRD	International Bank of Reconstruction and Development (World Bank)	UNDCP	UN Drug Control Programme
ICRC	International Red Cross Committee	UNDP	UN Development Programme
IDA	International Development Fund	UNFPA	UN Population Fund
IDB	Inter-American Development Bank	UNHCR	UN High Commissioner for Refugees
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development	UNICEF	UN Children's Fund
ILO	International Labour Organisation	UNRWA	UN Relief Agency for Palestinian Refugees in the Near East
IMF	International Monetary Fund	UNV	United Nation Volunteers
IPPF	International Federation for Planned Parenthood	WFP	World Food Programme
ITC	UNCTAD/GATT's International Trade Centre	WHO	World Health Organisation
		WMU	World Maritime University

3. Literature for further reading and other information

Statistical publications

“*Statistical Report. Sida 2001*”; Sida. 2002

“*Statistical Yearbook. Sweden’s International Development Co-operation 2001*”; Sida. 2002

“*The DAC Journal Development Co-operation 2002 Report International Development*”;
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“*Geographical Distribution of Financial Flows to Aid Recipients 1997-2001 Disbursements.
Commitments. Country Indicators*”; OECD 2003

Swedish development co-operation publications

“*Annual Report. Sida 2002*”; Sida. 2003

“*Sweden’s Development Co-operation 1998*”; Sida. 1998

“*Perspectives on Poverty*”; Sida. 2002

Internet addresses

Sida’s web-site www.sida.se

Statistics Sweden’s web-site www.scb.se

OECD/DAC’s web-site www.oecd.org/dac

Ministry for Foreign Affairs’ web-site www.ud.se

World Bank web-site www.worldbank.org

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The centre includes a reference library with literature, reports, CDs, databases etc.

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Art no: SIDA3786en

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